

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re application of: Cantor et al. Confirmation No.: 6905
Application No.: 10/655,762 Group No.: 1637
Filed: September 5, 2003 Examiner: KIM, YOUNG J
For: QUANTIFICATION OF GENE EXPRESSION

DECLARATION OF DR. CHARLES CANTOR

I, Charles Cantor, Ph.D., declare as follows:

1. I am a co-inventor in the above-identified patent application.
2. I have served as chair and professor of the department of biomedical engineering and biophysics, and Director of the Center for Advanced Biotechnology at Boston University since 1992. Prior to that time, I held positions at Columbia University and the University of California, Berkeley. I have also been the Director of the Human Genome Center Project of the Department of Energy at Lawrence Berkeley Laboratory. In 1998, I joined Sequenom, Inc. as a Chief Scientific Officer and Chairman of the Scientific Advisory Board. In May 2000, I was appointed to the Company's board of directors. I am a consultant to more than 16 biotech firms, and I have published more than 400 peer reviewed articles. I have been granted over 50 US patents, and I have co-authored a three-volume textbook on Biophysical Chemistry. I published the first textbook on genomics entitled, Genomics: The Science and Technology of the Human Genome Project. Accordingly, I have significant experience and expertise in use and development of methods used for nucleic acid analysis, including nucleic acid quantification.
3. A true copy of my current *curriculum vitae* is attached herewith.
4. I have been advised that the Examiner has cited the following three articles in connection with the examination of the above-identified patent application: Becker-André and Hahlbrock, Nucleic Acid Research 17 (22): 9437-9446, 1998 ("Becker"), Amexis et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 98 (21): 12097-12102, 2001 ("Amexis") and Ross et al, Biotechniques, 29 (3): 620-629, 2000 ("Ross").

5. I have been advised also that the Examiner has argued that “The absolute quantitation is based on the comparing the amount of signal determined from the target nucleic acid against the amount of signal determined from known varying amounts of standard nucleic acids (i.e., standard curve) [Becker] and since the MALDL-TOF assay produced consistent and reliable quantitation of signals, one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made *would have had a reasonable expectation of success at combining the teachings* of the references, thereby arriving at the invention as claimed.” See May 11, 2009 Office Action, page 9, paragraph 2 of; emphasis added.

6. I disagree with the Examiner’s assertions for the reasons explained in detail below.

7. Becker quantified a nucleic acid using a standard that differed by one nucleotide from the target so that a restriction enzyme would digest one of the amplified nucleic acids.

8. Although Becker discussed the possibility of absolute quantification, Becker required an *extra step of diluting* the PCR reaction mixture prior to the last PCR cycle in the amplification step in order to be quantitative and determine an absolute amount of the target nucleic acid.

9. Becker especially emphasized the importance of this diluting step for the purpose of comparing the amount of signal determined from the target nucleic acid against the amount of signal determined from the standard nucleic acids, as cited:

“Using a mixture of authentic (endogenous = en) and mutated (exogenous = ex) *in vitro* RNA^{4CL} transcripts we could show that the ratio of signal intensities of the detected bands represented the ratio of RNA amounts present in the beginning. However, *it was crucial to dilute the sample before the last PCR cycle. Otherwise, the upper band (en) was consistently over-represented.*” See Becker, page 9440, paragraph 2, lines 1-6; emphasis added.

Moreover, Becker also described that this **dilution step is necessary for absolute quantification** of nucleic acid in order to avoid the problem of “heterodimeric DNA” phenomenon after certain cycle numbers of PCR amplification. See Becker, e.g., page 9440, paragraph 2, lines 7-12; page 9443, paragraph 2, lines 1-5. Therefore, without the dilution step, the result of quantification in Becker would not have been accurate, and the quantification of an absolute amount of target would have been greatly compromised.

10. In contrast, we have explicitly addressed in the specification that the absolute quantification method of the claimed invention needs virtually no optimization for PCR

amplification. Hence we do not need the dilution step in any of the PCR cycles. Our absolute quantification method is also independent of PCR cycle numbers.

11. Also, the heterodimeric DNA problem means that the accuracy of each assay will be different and accounting for this difference requires a correction factor that will be different for each assay (every target). Our method does not have to make adjustments specific to each target. Therefore, for the reasons provided above, Becker does not teach or suggest a method that would be useful as an absolute quantification method and/or allow at least two or more targets to be analyzed simultaneously.

12. It is my opinion, that if it had been obvious to use Becker to design an absolute quantification method using mass spectrometry, which has been generally known as an analysis tool since at least the mid 1980's with commercial instruments introduced in the early 1990s, it would not have taken over 10 years from the publication of Becker to develop such a method.

13. Neither Amexis nor Ross even mention that their methods can be applied for absolute quantification.

14. I am intimately aware of what is described in Amexis as I am one of the co-authors of the article. Amexis quantified the **relative levels** of two virus variants in one reaction through PCR and MassArray system. See Amexis, e.g., page 12100, first column, last paragraph. Comparing the **relative amount** of allelic variants does not allow absolute quantification of nucleic acid species in the reaction. Additionally, because Amexis evaluated relative amounts of allelic products already in the sample, Amexis did not add an external standard.

15. Ross also quantified the *relative levels* of pooled allelic variants and therefore, for the same reason as Amexis, does not describe how absolute quantification could be achieved. See Ross, e.g., page 624, first column, paragraphs 1 and 2. Also Ross did not use an external standard.

16. Both Amexis and Ross compared the relative amount of allelic variants; therefore, targets analyzed by the methods described by Amexis and Ross are limited to those targets that comprise an allele (e.g., polymorphism). In contrast, the methods we describe are polymorphism-independent, thus allowing for the absolute quantification of a wider range of targets (e.g., gene sequences that do not contain a polymorphism).

17. It is well known and also stated in Ross that single base extension, like the one used in the presently claimed methods, produces mass differences between 9 and 40 Da.

18. However, Ross specifically states that “baseline resolution between alleles differing by 16 Daltons (Da) or less may not be observed” (p. 622, 1st col.).

19. Ross also states that “area measurement of a low-intensity extension produces within 40 Da of another allele may be confounded by trace cation...adducts onto the lower mass allele” (p. 622, 1st col.).

20. Therefore, Ross teaches that they made sure that all primer extensions resulted in mass differences between 300-400 Da. Page 622, 1st col.). Ross specifically taught that “two related strategies were selected by which a molecular weight separation of about *300-400 Da* between allele products of a given locus could be achieved during the primer extension assay.” See Ross, page 622, paragraph 3, lines 1-6. Ross expected a clear separation of 300-400 Da between alleles and extension products for reliable peak detection and reliable quantification of nucleic acids. One strategy of Ross terminated the variants of the nucleic acid by one (wild-type) and two (mutant) bases, thus enhanced the mass difference; and the other strategy terminated the variants of the nucleic acid by one base (wild-type) and a fluorescently labeled base (mutant). Neither one of the modified primer extension strategies of Ross, is the same as the single-base primer extension method of the present invention.

21. Single base extension like the one we used, does not produce mass differences of 300-400 Da.

22. Therefore, **Ross teaches against or away** from the method we found to be most effective for absolute quantification purposes.

23. In view of the above, it is my opinion that one of ordinary skill in the art would not have expected that combination of the mutation analysis of Becker with MALDO-TOF analysis **using a single base extension** could be used to provide accurate quantitative measurements of the **absolute amount** of nucleic acids in a sample.

24. Even if one were to combine the references, one would be expected to use dilution of PCR mixture before last PCR cycle to obtain a sample that might allow absolute quantification and **one would have not used a single base extension** but an extension reaction that would have

resulted in differences between 300-400 Da in molecular weight of the control and the allele one wishes to quantify.

25. Moreover, one would have been skeptical about quantifying after the dilution step because it could have been considered to lead to a very low amount of sample that would have lowered the peak intensity, sacrificed the signal to noise level and returned an unreliable quantification result when using MALDI-TOF. Therefore, based on this, it is my opinion that one would not have expected the combination of Becker with Ross and/or Amexis to work.

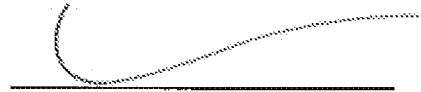
26. In contrast, as already presented in the previous response, we surprisingly discovered that we can accurately **quantify the absolute amount** of multiple target sequences with multiple internal standards in the same reaction (e.g., triplex targets). We found that the extension products were clearly separated in the mass spectrum with very strong signal to noise level. In particular, the mass differences between several extension products were very small. For example, mass difference between glut3-S and glut3-A was only about 20-25 Da, yet, contrary to what Ross described, we found that the two peaks were clearly separated with strong peak intensities. See September 10, 2007 Response, page 6, last paragraph to page 7, paragraph 2 and Exhibit A. These absolute quantification results by multiplex reactions agreed well with those from uniplex reactions. Moreover, we found that the same method can be used to quantify at least about 20 targets in one multiplex reaction.

27. In summary, at the time of the invention, *absolute quantification* of multiple nucleic acids using mass spectrometric detection and single base extension reactions in the same reaction was not something scientists performed or would have expected to succeed. One skilled in the art would not have been motivated to use internal standards with multiplex target nucleic acids for absolute quantification of multiplex without diluting the amplified mixtures, and one would not have been motivated to subsequently use mass spectrometric analysis combined with single-base primer extension for absolute quantification of multiple nucleic acids in the same reaction, particularly when the multiple nucleic acids differentiating only by *small mass differences*.

28. I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information are believed to be true, and further that these statements are made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent that issues therefrom.

2/16/10

Date



Charles Cantor

Charles R. Cantor

Curriculum Vitae

Born: August 26, 1942; Brooklyn, New York

Education

1963 A.B., Columbia University, *Summa Cum Laude*
1966 Ph.D., University of California, Berkeley
Eastman Kodak Award
Research Sponsor: Prof. I. Tinoco, Jr.

Employment

1966-1969 Assistant Professor of Chemistry, Columbia University
1969-1972 Associate Professor of Chemistry, joint appointment in
Biological Sciences, Columbia University
1972-1981 Professor of Chemistry, joint appointment in Biological Sciences,
Columbia University
1981-1989 Professor and Chairman of Genetics and Development,
College of Physicians and Surgeons, Columbia University; and
Deputy Director for Education, 1981-85, Comprehensive Cancer Center;
Deputy Director for Biotechnology, 1985-88, Comprehensive Cancer
Center
1988-1989 Higgins Professor of Genetics and Development, Faculty of Medicine,
Columbia University
1988-1990 Director, Human Genome Center, Lawrence Berkeley Laboratory
1989-1991 Senior Biochemist, Cell and Molecular Biology Division, Lawrence
Berkeley Laboratory
1989-1992 Professor of Molecular Biology, University of California, Berkeley
1990-1992 Principal Scientist, Human Genome Project, U.S. Department of Energy
1991-1992 Senior Biochemist, Chemical Biodynamics Division, Lawrence Berkeley
Laboratory
1992-present Professor of Biomedical Engineering and Biophysics, Boston University
1992-present Director, Center for Advanced Biotechnology, Boston University
1994-present Professor, Pharmacology Department, Boston University Medical School
1995-1998 Chair, Department of Biomedical Engineering, Boston University
1998-present Chief Scientific Officer, Sequenom, Inc. and Member, Board of Directors
2001-present Adjunct Professor, Department of Bioengineering, UCSD

Awards and Honors

1969-1971 Fellow of the Alfred P. Sloan Foundation
1972 Fresenius Award in Chemistry
1973-1974 Guggenheim Fellow
1975-1976 Fairchild Distinguished Visiting Scholar, California Institute of Technology
1978 Eli Lilly Award in Biological Chemistry
1981 Fellow of the American Association for the Advancement of Science

1985	Outstanding Investigator Grant, National Cancer Institute
1988	Biochemical Analysis Prize of the German Society of Clinical Chemistry
1988	Member of the National Academy of Sciences
1988	Member of the American Academy of Arts and Sciences
1989	ISCO Award for Advances in Biochemical Instrumentation
1990	Herbert A. Sober Award, American Society for Biochemistry and Molecular Biology
1990	Honorary Member, Japanese Biochemical Society
1992	Fellow of the California Academy of Sciences
2000	Fellow of the Biophysical Society
2000	Emily M. Gray Award, Biophysical Society
2002	Chief Scientist of the Year, T Sector and BIOCOM
2004	The Ohio State University Human Cancer Genetics Program Commemorative Medal for Excellence in Research and Clinical Care
2006	Fellow of the American Institute for Medical and Biological Engineering

Special Lectureships

1985	Distinguished Lecturer, University of Tennessee
1985	Distinguished Lecturer, University of Cincinnati
1985	Jesse Beams Lecturer, University of Virginia
1986	Barton Lecturer, University of Oklahoma
1986	Peter Debye Lecturer, Cornell University
1986	Stephanie Lynn Kossoff Memorial Lecturer, Columbia University
1987	Reilly Lecturer, Notre Dame University
1987	Allied Corporation Lecturer, Waksman Institute
1987	Visiting Scholar, Japan Society for the Promotion of Science
1988	Veatch Lecturer, Harvard Medical School
1988	Sol Spiegelman Lecturer, University of Illinois
1989	Steinberg/Wylie Lecturer, University of Maryland
1989	Biochemical Society Lecturer, British Association for the Advancement of Science
1989	Ronald R. Fisher Lecturer, University of South Carolina
1990	Boyce Thompson Distinguished Lecturer, Cornell University
1990	Distinguished Lecturer, Oak Ridge National Laboratory
1991	Hanna Memorial Lecturer, Case Western Reserve University
1991	Distinguished Speaker in Biochemistry and Molecular Biology, University of Wisconsin, Milwaukee
1992	Baker Lecturer, Cornell University
1992	Special Chair Professor, National Science Council, Republic of China
1994	Barnett Lecture in Bioanalytical Chemistry, Northeastern University
1996	Douglas G. Hill Memorial Lecturer, Duke University
1997	University Lecturer, Boston University
1998	Distinguished Lecturer, George Mason University
1998	George Burch Memorial Lecture, Association of University Cardiologists
2001	Plenary Lecture, Biophysical Society of Taiwan Seventh Annual Symposium on Recent Advances in Biophysics
2002	Harvard University Morrison Lecture
2004	McElvan Lecturer, University of Wisconsin, Madison on Analytical Chemistry
2005	Rachford Lecturer, Children's Hospital of Cincinnati

2006	Honorary Faculty Member, Fourth Military Academy Medical University, Xi'an, China
2008	Distinguished Lecturer, Center for Prostate Disease Research (DPDR), Rockville, MD

Professional Affiliations and Service

1971-1975	NIH Study Section, BBCA
1972-1986	Editorial Board, <i>Archives of Biochemistry and Biophysics</i>
1972-1981	Editorial Board, <i>Journal of Molecular Evolution</i>
1972-1992	Editorial Board, <i>Journal of Molecular Biology</i>
1973-1986	Editorial Advisory Board, <i>Biopolymers</i> ; Editorial Board, 1980-83
1973-1988	Editorial Board, <i>Nucleic Acids Research</i>
1974	Co-chairman, Biopolymers Gordon Conference
1974-1992	Harvey Society
1976-1988	Proposal Review Panel, Stanford Synchrotron Radiation Laboratory; Chairman, 1980-88
1976-present	Series Editor, <i>Advanced Textbooks in Chemistry</i> , Springer-Verlag, New York
1977-1981	CMBD Review Committee, NIGMS, NIH; Chairman, 1979-81
1978-1983	Editorial Board, <i>Biochemistry</i>
1978-1983	Board of Trustees, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory
1978-present	Biophysical Society; Council Member, 1978-81
1979-1981	Nominating Committee, American Chemical Society, Division of Biological Chemistry
1980-1994	Society for Analytical Cytology
1981-1986	Editorial Board, <i>Journal of Biological Chemistry</i>
1982-present	American Society of Biochemistry and Molecular Biology, formerly American Society of Biological Chemists; Nominating Committee, 1982-83
1982-1994	Associate Editor, <i>Annual Review of Biophysics and Biophysical Chemistry</i>
1983-1984	National Research Council Committee on Causes and Effects of Changes in Stratospheric Ozone
1983-1987	Consultant, Syntex Medical Diagnostics
1983-1987	Associate Editor, <i>Journal of Molecular Evolution</i>
1984-1985	Consultant, Lifecodes, Inc., formerly Actagen, Inc.
1984-1988	Editorial Board, <i>Accounts of Chemical Research</i>
1984-1988	Consultant, LKB-Produkter AB
1984-1989	Principal Investigator, Columbia University, Member of MacArthur Foundation Consortium on the Biology of Parasitic Diseases
1984-1995	Advisory Council, Department of Molecular Biology, Princeton University
1984-1986	Scientific Advisory Board, American Cyanamid Company, Wayne, NJ
1984-present	Nomenclature Commission of the International Union of Biochemistry and Molecular Biology
1985-1986	Office of Technology Assessment Advisory Panel on Determining Mutation Frequencies in Human Beings
1985-1986	Consultant, Molecular Biophysics Technology, Inc.
1985-1989	National Research Council Committee on Research Opportunities in Biology
1985-1991	Board of Reviewing Editors, <i>Science</i>
1985-present	Consultant, Genelabs, Inc., Redwood City, CA
1985-1994	U.S. National Committee of International Union of Pure and Applied Biophysics; Vice Chairman, 1988-1990; Chairman, 1991-1994

1986	Chairman, Committee for External Review, Department of Genetics, Stanford University
1986-1987	Department of Energy HERAC Subcommittee on the Human Genome
1986-1988	National Research Council Committee on the Human Genome
1986-1989	Council, National Institute of General Medical Sciences, NIH
1986-1989	Visiting Committee for Brookhaven National Laboratory Biology Department
1987-1989	Scientific Advisory Board, Hereditary Disease Foundation
1987-1994	Subject Area Editor, <i>Genomics</i>
1987-1994	Advisory Committee, Searle Scholars Program; Chairman, 1993-1994
1987-2000	Scientific and Technical Advisory Board, Prince Ventures Partner, III
1988-1991	Co-organizer, Three Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Meetings on Genome Mapping and Sequencing
1988-1996	Scientific Advisory Council, Roswell Park Memorial Institute
1988-2004	Biomedical Advisory Committee, Pittsburgh Supercomputing Center
1988-present	Cell and Membrane Transport Commission, International Union of Pure and Applied Biophysics
1988-1992	Chairman, Department of Energy Human Genome Coordinating Committee; member, 1991-1994
1988-present	Member, Executive Committee and Founding Council, International Human Genome Organization [HUGO]; Vice President, 1990-present; Chairman, 1991-1995; Chair, HUGO Human Genome Mapping Committee [HGMCI]; President, HUGO Americas, 1992-1997
1988-present	Editorial Board, <i>Current Opinion in Biotechnology</i>
1988-1998	Consultant, Amersham-Pharmacia Biotechnology, formerly Pharmacia LKB Biotechnology AB
1989-1990	Member, NAS/NRC Panel on Cooperation with the USSR on Structure of the Eucaryotic Genome and Regulation of its Expression
1989-1991	Member, Executive Committee, Human Gene Mapping Workshops
1989-present	American Society of Human Genetics
1989-1992	Co-chair, Human Genome I, II, III meetings
1989-1994	Scientific Advisory Committee, European Molecular Biology Laboratory
1989-2004	Advisory Committee, University of Pittsburgh Biotechnology Center
1990-1993	Advisory Committee, MacArthur Foundation Program in Parasite Biology
1990-1995	Member, Board of Scientific Counselors, National Center for Biotechnology Information [NCBI], National Library of Medicine
1990-1998	Member, UNESCO Scientific Coordinating Committee on the Human Genome Project
1991-1993	Member, Scientific Advisory Board, Ribogene, Inc.
1991-2002	Member, Advisory Board, Encyclopedia of Molecular Biology and Biotechnology
1992-1997	Member, Board of Directors, Chair, Scientific Advisory Board, ATGC/AT Biochem, Inc.
1992-2002	Member, Scientific Advisory Board, Aclara, Inc., formerly Soane Technologies, Inc., Hayward, CA
1992-1994	Organizer, 1st through 3rd International Conference on Bioinformatics, Supercomputing, and Complex Genome Analysis, Tallahassee, FL
1993-2000	Member, Board of Scientific Advisors, Mosaic Technologies, Inc., Boston, MA
1993-1998	Member, Plant Genome Science and Technology Coordinating Committee, Department of Agriculture
1993-1994	Chair, European Bioinformatics Institute [EBI] Advisory Committee
1993-1998	Member, Scientific Advisory Committee, Incyte Pharmaceuticals, Inc., Palo Alto, CA

1994-present	Member, Advisory Board, Boston University <i>Journal of Science Technology and Law</i>
1994-1998	Consultant, SEQUENOM, Inc., San Diego, CA
1994-2007	Co-chair, Biotechnology Advisory Committee, Fisher Scientific, Hampton, NH
1994-1998	Member, HERAC Genome Project Subcommittee
1995-1998	Consultant, Trichor, Boston, MA
1996-1997	Member, NRC Committee, "Bits of Power"
1996-2000	Consultant, AmberGen, Boston, MA
1996-2002	Member, Advisory Committee, ELBA Foundation, Italy
1997-2000	Member, DARPA Advisory Committee on Biological Warfare Defense
1997-1998	Treasurer, New England Complex Systems Institute
1996-2000	FASEB Consensus Committee on Federal Funding, representing the Biophysical Society; Chair, DOE Subcommittee
1997-present	Advisor, Techno Ventures Management, Munich
1996-2002	Consultant, Caliper, Inc., Palo Alto, CA
1997-2000	Member, The Protein Society
1997-1999	Quest Scholar, Quest Diagnostics, Inc., San Juan Capistrano, CA
1998-present	Member, Defense Intelligence Agency Bio 2020 Red Team, Washington, D.C.
1999-present	Science Board, GENpathways, formerly CISTem, San Diego, CA
2000-2005	Consultant, Samsung SAIT, Korea
2000-present	Board of Directors, Human BioMolecular Research Institute, San Diego, CA
2000-2001	Editorial Advisory Board, Oxford University Press
2001-2009	Editorial Board, <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences</i>
2001-present	Editorial Board, <i>American Journal of Pharmacogenomics</i>
2001-present	Editorial Advisory Board, <i>Genomics and Proteomics</i>
2001-2007	Member, Lawrence Livermore National Laboratories BBRP Board
2001-present	Dean's Advisory Board, Division of Biology, University of California San Diego
2001-present	Industrial Advisory Board, Department of Chemistry and Biochemistry, University of California San Diego
2001-present	Member, Board of Overseers, Brandeis University School of Science
2001-2008	Scientific Advisor, Automated Cell, Pittsburgh, PA
2001-present	Scientific Advisory Board, Cellicon, Boston, MA
2001-2003	Scientific Advisory Board, GeneFormatics, Inc., San Diego, CA
2001-2005	Scientific Advisory Board, Odyssey, Inc., San Ramon, CA
2001-present	Board of Directors, EXSAR, formerly know as Carta Proteomics, Monmouth Junction, NJ
2002-present	Editorial Team, <i>Drug Discovery Today</i>
2002-2004	Board of Directors, SIGA Technologies, Inc., San Diego, CA
2002-2004	Board of Directors, Plexus Vaccine, San Diego, CA
2002-present	Advisory Committee Member, Stockholm Strategic Research Foundation
2002-2008	Board of Directors, Molecular Sciences Institute, Berkeley, CA
2002-2007	Scientific Advisory Board, Rodi Pharmaceuticals, Del Mar, CA
2002-2007	Scientific Advisory Board, Buffalo Center of Excellence in Bioinformatics
2002-present	Founder and Member, Board of Directors, 2002-03, SelectX Pharmaceuticals, Inc., Worcester, MA
2003-present	Scientific Advisory Board, Strand Genomics, Bangalore, India
2003-present	Member, Editorial Academy, <i>International Journal of Oncology</i> , Athens, Greece

2003-present	Member, National Advisory Board, Boston University Research Center for Translational Genomics and Human Rights, Boston, MA
2004-present	Scientific Advisory Board, GeneGo, St. Joseph, MI
2004-present	Scientific Advisory Board, Modular Genetics, Woburn, MA
2004-present	Scientific Advisory Board, NuAce Technologies, Ramat-Hasharon Israel
2004-present	Scientific Advisory Board, Provid Research, Piscataway, NJ
2004-present	Scientific Advisory Board, StructureSpec, La Jolla, CA
2004-2006	Scientific Advisory Board, Joint Center for Structural Genomics (JCSG), La Jolla, CA
2004-2007	Scientific Advisory Board, UppsalaBio-X, Uppsala, Sweden
2005-present	Member, Board of Directors, Silicon Kinetics, San Diego, CA
2005-2006	Member, The National Academies Committee on Review of Department of Energy's Genomics: GTL Program, Washington, DC
2006-present	Member, National Academy of Sciences, Research at the Intersection of the Physical and Life Sciences (RIPLS), Washington, DC
2006-present	Member, Scientific Advisory Board, Cytellect, Inc., San Diego, CA
2007-present	Founder, CEO, Board of Directors, DiThera, Inc.
2007-present	Founder, Chairman, Board of Directors, Retrotope, Inc., Los Altos, CA
2008-present	Member, Scientific Advisory Board, Applied Vaccine Therapeutics (AVT), White Plains, NY
2008-present	Member, Moscow Rosnano Tech Advisory Board, Moscow, Russia
2009-present	Chair, Scientific Advisory Board, Immunolite, Durham, NC

Publications

- Over 450 Journal Articles
- Cantor, C. R., and Schimmel, P. R. *Biophysical Chemistry*. San Francisco: W.H. Freeman and Company, 1980. 3 Volumes.
- Cantor, C.R., and Smith C.L. *Genomics: The Science and Technology of the Human Genome Project*, Wiley, Interscience, 1999.

Patents

Cantor, C.R. and Schwartz, D.C.: *Electrophoresis Using Alternating Transverse Electric Fields*, Norway Euro Patent No. NO 0172156 C, granted 05/24/84

Cantor, C.R. and Schwartz, D.C.: *Electrophoresis Using Alternating Transverse Electric Fields*, Japanese Patent No. JP 3052907 B4, granted 05/24/84

Cantor, C.R. and Schwartz, D.C.: *Electrophoresis Using Alternating Transverse Electric Fields*, US Patent No. US 4,473,452, granted 09/25/84

Cantor, C.R. and Schwartz, D.C.: *Electrophoresis Using Alternating Transverse Electric Fields*, Canadian Patent No. CA 1,207,275, granted 07/08/86

Cantor, C.R., Axel, R., and Argarana, C.: *DNA Encoding Streptavidin, Streptavidin Produced Therefrom, Fused Polypeptides which Include Amino Acid Sequences Present in Streptavidin and Uses Thereof*, European Patent No. EP 0258411, granted 08/27/87

Cantor, C.R., Axel, R., and Argarana, C.: *DNA Encoding Streptavidin, Streptavidin Produced Therefrom, Fused Polypeptides which Include Amino Acid Sequences Present in Streptavidin and Uses Thereof*, Japanese Patent No. JP 63502560, granted 08/27/87

Cantor, C.R., Axel, R., and Argarana, C.: *DNA Encoding Streptavidin, Streptavidin Produced Therefrom, Fused Polypeptides which Include Amino Acid Sequences Present in Streptavidin and Uses Thereof*, Australian Patent No. AU 7165287, granted 08/27/87

Saffran, W.A., Edelson, R.L., Gasparro, F.P., Welsh, J., and Cantor, C.R.: *Biotinylated Psoralens*, European Patent No. EP 0266212, granted 10/08/87

Saffran, W.A., Edelson, R.L., Gasparro, F.P., Welsh, J., and Cantor, C.R.: *Biotinylated Psoralens*, Australia Patent No. AU 7237287 A1, granted 10/08/87

Cantor, C.R. and Schwartz, D.C.: *Gel Inserts Useful in Electrophoresis*, US Patent No. US 4,695,548, granted 09/22/87

Collins, F., Weissman, S., and Cantor, C.R.: *Coincidence Cloning Method and Library*, Australia Patent No. AU 2318288 A1, granted 02/23/89

Cantor, C.R., Axel, R., and Argarana, C.: *DNA Encoding Streptavidin, Streptavidin Produced Therefrom, Fused Polypeptides which Include Amino Acid Sequences Present in Streptavidin and Uses Thereof*, US Patent No. US 4,839,293, granted 06/13/89

Cantor, C.R. and Schwartz, D.C.: *Electrophoretic Methods Employing Gel Inserts*, US Patent No. US 4,861,448, granted 08/29/89

Saffran, W.A., Edelson, R.L., Gasparro, F.P., Welsh, J.T., and Cantor, C.R.: *Biotinylated Psoralens*, US Patent No. US 4,868,311, granted 09/19/89

Van der Ploeg, L.H.T., Giannini, S.H., and Cantor, C.R.: *Method for Detecting Animal-Infective Protozoa in vitro and a Method for Detecting Agents which Block the Differentiation Thereof*, US Patent No. US 4,908,308, granted 03/13/90

Cantor, C.R., Köster, H., Smith, C.L., and Fu, D.J.: *Solid Phase Sequencing of Biopolymers*, European Patent No. EP 0830460, granted 11/06/92

Cantor, C.R. and Schwartz, D.C.: *Electrophoresis Using Alternating Transverse Electric Fields*, European Patent No. EP 0125310, granted 02/10/93

Cantor, C.R. and Schwartz, D.C.: *Electrophoresis Using Alternating Transverse Electric Fields*, Austria Euro Patent No. AT 0040752E, granted 02/10/93

Cantor, C.R. and Schwartz, D.C.: *Electrophoresis Using Alternating Transverse Electric Fields*, Australia Patent No. AU 565758, granted 02/10/93

Cantor, C.R. and Schwartz, D.C.: *Electrophoresis Using Alternating Transverse Electric Fields*, German Euro Patent No. DE 3379177 C0, granted 02/10/93

Cantor, C.R. and Schwartz, D.C.: *Electrophoresis Using Alternating Transverse Electric Fields*, Denmark Euro Patent No. DK 0169978 B1, granted 02/10/93

Cantor, C.R. and Schwartz, D.C.: *Electrophoresis Using Alternating Transverse Electric Fields*, Finland Euro Patent No. FI 0084518C, granted 02/10/93

Cantor, C.R., Chuck, R.S., and Tse, D.B.: *Design and Synthesis of Bispecific DNA-antibody Conjugates*, US Patent No. US 5,635,602, granted 08/13/93

Edwards, C.A., Cantor, C.R., and Andrews, B.M.: *Screening Assay for the Detection of DNA-Binding Molecules*, US Patent No. US 5,306,619, granted 04/26/94

Edwards, C.A., Cantor, C.R., Andrew, B.M., Turin, L.M., and Fry, K.E.: *Sequence-Directed DNA-Binding Molecules Compositions and Methods*, European Patent No. EP 0684999, granted 07/07/94

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